

NOTES

- This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all other BP Civils drawings, and with all relevant Architect's and Engineer's drawings and specification. Any discrepancies found are to be reported immediately to the Engineer.
- BP Civils accepts no responsibility for inaccuracies in data provided by third parties such as topographic surveys or Ordnance Survey mapping.
- Do not scale, work to figured dimensions only. All dimensions are in millimeters unless noted otherwise and all levels are in metres from the topographic survey datum.
- Any information given regarding existing underground services is given in good faith after consultation with the relevant authority, however accuracy is not certain. The main contractor is responsible for checking all information on site prior to work commencing and taking due care whilst undertaking the works.
- All dimensions to be checked on site. All details and dimensions relating to sub-contractors work must be checked and agreed between the sub-contractor or supplier and the general contractor.
- The electronic information from this drawing can not be guaranteed as dimensionally drawn exact. Figured dimensions must be used for setting out and detailing. BP Civils logos and company information must be removed from copies if information is re-used.
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- The client shall ensure that all licences, consents and approvals required to implement the works are in place prior to commencing construction.

RESIDUAL HAZARDS

- In addition to the hazards/risks normally associated with the type of work detailed on this drawing, note the following:
- Buried services. Contractor to refer to record drawings and use CAT to locate existing services and undertake necessary precautions and investigation prior to excavating.
 - Working in live traffic. Contractor to ensure traffic management is designed, erected and maintained to protect the workforce and the public. Contractor to undertake necessary precautions and ensure suitable traffic management is in place prior to commencement.
 - Working in live sewers. Contractor to ensure operatives are familiar and competent with the dangers of working in live sewers.
 - Excavations close to existing structures. Contractor to prepare method statement to ensure stability of existing structure. Demolition works to be completed before excavations for new works are undertaken.
 - High groundwater. Works to be undertaken in months when groundwater levels are not as high, if possible. Excavations made as shallow as possible. Operatives to be suitably trained and provided with relevant PPE.
- Appropriate risk assessments and method statements should be prepared to manage these risks as required.

- DRAINAGE STRATEGY -

1. Infiltration

Infiltration is not viable owing to shallow groundwater encountered across the site.

2. Watercourse

There are no watercourses within the vicinity of the site.

3. Public Surface Water Sewer

Southern Water has confirmed that there are no public surface water sewers nearby.

4. Combined Sewer

There are no public combined sewers nearby.

The site currently drains to the public foul water sewer beneath Turners Hill Road. Soakaways on site have a high-level overflow providing piped connectivity to the public foul water sewer.

It is proposed that the site will continue to drain to Southern Water's public foul water sewer, providing betterment compared with the existing arrangement.

The existing soakaways on site will be removed, which will prevent groundwater from entering public sewer network.

The existing piped drainage network on site will also be replaced. The existing system also demonstrates signs of groundwater entering the system.

Permeable paving (tanked) will be introduced, to provide attenuation. Flows will be restricted to 1.00 l/s.

- DRAINAGE KEY -

- Existing Foul Water Sewer
- Private Surface Water Drainage
- Private Foul Water Drainage
- Precast Concrete Ring Manhole (FW)
- Precast Concrete Ring Manhole (SW) (CP) Denotes Catchpit
- Proposed Surface Water Flow Control Manhole
- Permeable Pavement (Tanked) (Refer to Construction Details)
- Road Gully
- Diffuser Unit
- Yard Gully

DRAINAGE NOTES:

- All drainage works to be constructed in strict accordance with specification of the Local Authority, Building Regulations, Design and Construction Guidance (published by Water UK) & BS EN 752.
- Any existing drainage found crossing the site is to be investigated, and if found to be 'live', it should be diverted in consultation with BP Civils.
- For location and setting out of building drainage points refer to architects drawings.
- All pipe runs near buildings to comply with the Building Regulations 2015 part H11. Where a pipe is within 1m of a foundation the trench shall be filled with class GEN3 concrete up to the lowest level of the foundation. Where the trench is further than 1m from the foundation, the trench shall be filled with class GEN3 concrete to a level below the lowest level for the foundation equal to the distance from the foundation less 150mm. In both cases the pipe shall be bedded and surrounded in 150mm thick class GEN3 concrete.
- Where pipes, external to the structures, have a depth to soffit from ground level of less than 450mm they shall have a class GEN3 concrete encasement (150mm thick).
- Where a pipe, under a carriageway, has a depth of cover of less than 1.2m the pipe shall be laid in a concrete bed and surround.
- Where a pipe, under a vehicular area other than a carriageway has a depth of cover if less than 0.9m the pipe shall be protected with a concrete slab set above it.
- In any circumstances where pipes are bedded and surrounded in concrete flexible joints should be provided, compressible boards (fibroboard or polystyrene) shall be provided at a maximum of 8m centres (coinciding with pipe joints), the boards shall be pre-cut to pipe diameter and to a height and width equal to the concrete cross section, a board thickness of 18mm for pipes up to 450mm nominal diameter and 30mm for pipes over 450mm nominal diameter.
- All private building drainage shall be constructed in strict accordance with BS EN 752. Foul drainage beneath the floor slab shall be laid, shall be laid no flatter than 1:40. Unless otherwise specified below ground building drainage external to the building shall be 100mm diameter and shall be laid at a minimum gradient of 1 in 40 for foul drains and 1 in 80 for surface water drains.
- All building drains shall be laid in conjunction with 'non adoptive bedding details' (class d, n or b) unless otherwise specified.
- All pipes, bends and junction for private building drainage shall be UPVC conforming to BS4660, BS EN 13508 and BS EN 1401 as appropriate and shall be laid in accordance with the manufacturer's specification.
- All pipes, bends and junction materials for adoptable drainage shall be vitrified clay, extra strength or super strength to BS EN 295, with flexible joints and kitemark certified.
- All back inlet gullies to be roddable or connected to inspection chambers.
- All gully connections other than at manholes to be 'Y' junctions.
- All road gully connections to be 150mm diameter.
- All stub stacks to be fitted with air admittance valves where branch drain exceeds 12m except at the head of the run. Soil vent pipes located at the head of a run to terminate to fresh air.
- No low point shall be without a method of drainage.
- All connections to be soffit to soffit unless otherwise noted.
- All concrete and concrete products to be in accordance with BRE 363 for sulphates.
- The locations of all building drainage points shall be cross referenced against the architects drawings during setting out and any discrepancies reported immediately.
- Before connections are made to existing public sewers an application under S106 must be made to relevant sewerage undertaker.
- The precise depth and location and size of existing pipes, watercourses or manholes where connections or diversion are proposed must be confirmed and reported to the engineer before works commence on site.
- Any existing drains to be abandoned to be decommissioned in accordance with the Building Regulations by either grubbing, infilling or sealing.
- Should groundwater be encountered on site during construction BP Civils shall be informed to determine if additional measures are required.
- The drainage system shall be fully cleansed on completion of the project using methods that ensure pollution off site does not occur.
- Any existing land drains severed during construction shall be reinstated.

