

NatureSpace Great Crested Newt District Licensing Scheme

District Licence Report

LVS Hassocks

202408012

20th May 2026

Instructions for planning officers

If/when planning permission is to be granted under DM/26/0238:

Attach the mandatory planning conditions and informatives listed in this report (pages 10-13) to the decision notice. Wording must be transposed exactly with no alterations. *If* a certificate has already been submitted, Condition 2 in this report is irrelevant and should not be added to a planning decision notice.

Authorisation under the District Licence is intended to take place in two phases. The initial authorisation for the 'FUL' aspect must only cover 'Phase 1' (see Impact Plan referenced within this Report).

An authorisation to work under the Council's District Licence can *only* be issued when:

- A) Planning permission is granted, bearing correct planning conditions (see pages 10-13)
- B) The NatureSpace Certificate which relates to that development phase has been submitted to support the application (either as part of this application or with a Discharge of Conditions notice)

Report version

Version	Date	Description
1	23/04/2026	Original site assessment for DM/26/0238.
2	14/05/2026	Re-assessment for DM/26/0238 including adjustment of impacts and inclusion of phasing.
3	20/05/2026	Adjustment to phasing-related wording within planning conditions.

Contents

Executive Summary	3
Background information	6
District Licence summary.....	8
Planning conditions and informatives	10
Activities and operations under a District Licence	14
Protocol Conditions	16
Maps	18
Aquatic impacts	20
Terrestrial impacts	22
Landscape-Level Assessment.....	24
Other relevant information:	25
Planning appeals.....	27
District Licence – Conditions of use	28

Executive Summary

This report details the results of the assessment undertaken by NatureSpace Partnership on 14th May 2026. The assessment followed the agreed processes and protocols as set out in the District (organisational) Licence granted to Mid Sussex District Council (WML-OR177) and this report summarises how the proposed development can be dealt with under the District Licence. If authorisation under the District Licence is sought, this report should be submitted to the planning authority as part of the planning application. In this case, authorisation of the site under the District Licence would be achieved in two District Licence phases (hereafter referred to as Phase 1 and Phase 2), detailed in the NatureSpace District Licence Impact Plan submitted in support of application DM/26/0238.

The impact unit score for the entire site is -14.26.

There is a second stage fee requirement of £530,297 (+VAT).

- **Phase 1: £18,504 ***
- **Phase 2: £511,793**

*** There is an additional £5,000 (+VAT) outstanding from the first-stage fee of £10,000 (+VAT) which will be applied to Phase 1. There is therefore a total outstanding fee requirements of £18,504 (+VAT) for Phase 1.**

There is an initial second stage fee requirement of £13,504 (+VAT) for the authorisation of impacts to Phase 1 and the access. There is a second-stage fee requirement of £511,793 for Phase 2 but this will be authorised separately. Note that the phased authorisation route presented here is sequential; authorisation for 'Phase 1' relating to the 'FUL' aspect of the planning application must precede authorisation for 'Phase 2' which relates to the 'OUT' aspect of the planning application. The planning conditions are duplicated (although tailored in both cases), to allow each set of planning conditions to relate to each part of the application.

There will be a requirement for six planning conditions (three per phase of District Licence authorisation) relating to the great crested newt District Licence, to be attached to the planning consent, if granted (full details on p.10-13):

Phase 1:

Condition 1 links the planning consent and 'Phase 1' of the impact plan to the district (organisational) licence WML-OR177.

Condition 2 requires the developer to submit a phase-specific certificate from NatureSpace to the planning authority. Upon receipt of the second stage payment, NatureSpace Partnership will issue that certificate to confirm that all necessary payments have been made and that the development within the boundary of 'Phase 1' can be covered under the District Licence.

Condition 3 imposes some working restrictions and on-site mitigation measures within the boundary of 'Phase 1', including the requirement for some works to be timed to avoid sensitive periods (relating to any areas of potential hibernation habitat), fencing and trapping of newts within 250m of ponds and the use of capture methods at suitable habitat features to reduce risks to newts (see p.7) prior to development. The document 'Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles' is required by Natural England for use under the District Licences and is provided as an annex—this details District Licence requirements for methods of working and capture of newts.

Phase 2:

Condition 4 links the planning consent and 'Phase 2' of the impact plan to the district (organisational) licence WML-OR177.

Condition 5 requires the developer to submit a phase-specific certificate from NatureSpace to the planning authority. Upon receipt of the second stage payment, NatureSpace Partnership will issue that certificate to confirm that all necessary payments have been made and that the development within the boundary of 'Phase 2' can be covered under the District Licence.

Condition 6 imposes some working restrictions and on-site mitigation measures within the boundary of 'Phase 2', including the requirement for some works to be timed to avoid sensitive periods (relating to any areas of potential hibernation habitat), fencing and trapping of newts within 250m of ponds and the use of capture methods at suitable habitat features to reduce risks to newts (see p.7) prior to development. The document 'Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles' is required by Natural England for use under the District Licences and is provided as an annex—this details District Licence requirements for methods of working and capture of newts.

Important notes:

The planning authority may only issue a formal 'Authorisation' for Phase 1 under the District Licence once planning permission has been granted and the NatureSpace Certificate required under condition 2 (see above and p.10-13) has been submitted to the planning authority.

The planning authority may only issue a formal 'Authorisation' for Phase 2 under the District Licence once planning permission has been granted and the NatureSpace Certificate required under condition 5 (see above and p.10-13) has been submitted to the planning authority.

At the time of writing, there would be insufficient compensatory habitat within West Sussex to uphold the habitat compensation ratios to address the full impacts of the entire development subject to the outline application, as required in the District Licence. Full authorisation, following a planning approval, may only be granted upon confirmation that sufficient compensatory habitat has been delivered through the scheme. There is a requirement for the second-stage fee to be paid in advance to enable habitat creation to take place ahead of impacts. A hybrid approach is being utilised in this case, to reflect the impacts and compensation requirements of the initial 'enabling' works separately to the wider development site impacts and compensatory requirements. This mirrors the hybrid nature of the planning application.

Background information

Great crested newts are a European protected species (EPS) and are protected in the UK under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) and, to a certain extent, the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Where works would harm this species or its habitats, a licence is required in order to make those activities lawful. Natural England is the licensing authority and has granted great crested newt 'District Licences' to certain Councils in England. This enables those Councils ('Licensees') to issue authorisations to developers for specific parcels of development land, without further application (by the developer) to Natural England. This report details whether and how the proposed development can be dealt with under the relevant District Licence and contains technical details relating to planning and licensing requirements.

Developments which utilise the District Licensing Scheme contribute proportionately (depending on the impacts of each development proposal) to the conservation strategy. This funds the creation, management, and monitoring of local compensation sites. NatureSpace and the Newt Conservation Partnership take on all responsibilities for compensation delivery, 25 years of management and monitoring, and annual reporting to Natural England.

Project reference: 202408012

Developer name/organisation: Wates Developments Limited

Site name: LVS Hassocks

Site location: LVS Hassocks, London Road, Sayers Common, Hassocks, West Sussex, BN6 9HT

Site grid reference: TQ 2650 1872

Planning application reference: DM/26/0238

Development impact map reference (upon which this assessment is based and outlines the development phasing): "LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)", dated 12th May 2026

The Impact Plan provided facilitates a phased approach to development authorisation under the District Licence for Mid Sussex District council ref DM/26/0238. It is split into two boundaries, each of which refers to one particular issue of authorisation under the District Licence only. The initial authorisation under the District Licence would only provide licence coverage per the boundary titled 'Phase 1 licence cover boundary'.

Consultant ecologist name & organisation: Daniel Maughan, Aspect Ecology Limited

Planning officer: Stuart Malcolm

Date of habitat survey information (upon which this assessment is based): September 2025. Survey information to underpin a licensing assessment should be less than two years old. If more than two years has passed since the survey (e.g., by September 2027), then it may be necessary to undertake a walkover survey to confirm the assessment remains valid before an Authorisation can be issued (consult NatureSpace) to permit the start of works.

District Licence summary

1. Confirmation the proposal can be dealt with under the District Licence: Yes
2. Location (zone): Red
3. National Character Area: Low Weald
4. Is any in-situ great crested newt compensation required: No
5. Are there any working restrictions relating to great crested newts: Yes—the following requirements apply:
 - Best practice working and use of reasonable avoidance measures (see ‘Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles’ required under condition 17 of the District Licence)
 - Timing and working restrictions in relation to ponds
 - Removal or disturbance of newt hibernacula must only take place during the active season (generally mid-February to mid-October, dependant on the season and weather conditions)
 - Capture of newts using hand/destructive/night searches at suitable habitat features prior to ground clearance
 - Amphibian fencing and pitfall trapping to clear newts from the site prior to works (in this case this will apply to all suitable habitats within 250 metres of ponds)
6. Required planning conditions (if consent is granted): See next page
7. Impact metric score: -14.26
8. Financial ‘second-stage’ contribution required to contribute to delivery of strategic great crested newt conservation, proportionate to the impacts of the proposal: **£530,297 (+VAT)**. This fee is split between the £5,000 (+VAT) remainder of the first-stage fee to be paid with Phase 1, the first £13,504 (+VAT) of this fee is payable to attain authorisation for Phase 1. Then £511,793 (+VAT) of this is payable to allow authorisation for Phase 2.

This report confirms that, subject to the requirements listed above (sections 4 - 8), the development proposal can be covered under the District Licence (WML-OR177, or a 'Further Licence') provided that the planning authority is satisfied that the proposal is not contradictory to local planning policy and planning consent is granted with the conditions listed below.

Planning conditions and informatives

This sets out the planning requirements if planning permission is to be granted. In accordance with District Licence WML-OR177, the following planning conditions and informatives will be required, for the Council to be able to then authorise this development under the District Licence. Without these conditions, it will not be possible for the development to be authorised under the District Licence.

Conditions:

Phase 1:

1. No development of the north western part of the Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan "LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)", dated 12th May 2026 as 'Phase 1' shall take place except in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Council's Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a 'Further Licence') and with the proposals detailed within the Phase 1 licence cover boundary of plan "LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)", dated 12th May 2026.

Reason: In order to ensure that adverse impacts on great crested newts are adequately mitigated and to ensure that site works are delivered in full compliance with the Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a 'Further Licence'), section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

2. No development of the north western part of the Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan "LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)", dated 12th May 2026 as 'Phase 1' shall take place unless and until a certificate from the Delivery Partner (as set out in the District Licence WML-OR177, or a 'Further Licence'), confirming that all necessary measures regarding great crested newt compensation have been appropriately dealt with, has been submitted to and approved by the planning authority and the authority has provided authorisation for the development to proceed under the district newt licence.

The delivery partner certificate must be submitted to this planning authority for approval prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved.

Reason: In order to adequately compensate for negative impacts to great crested newts, and in line with section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

3. No development of the north western part of the Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan “LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)”, dated 12th May 2026 as ‘Phase 1’ shall take place except in accordance with Part 1 of the Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles, as set out in the District Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’) and in addition in compliance with the following:

- Works which will affect likely newt hibernacula may only be undertaken during the active period for amphibians.
- Capture methods must be used at suitable habitat features prior to the commencement of the development (i.e., hand/destructive/night searches), which may include the use of temporary amphibian fencing, to prevent newts moving onto a development site from adjacent suitable habitat, installed for the period of the development (and removed upon completion of the development).
- Amphibian fencing and pitfall trapping must be undertaken at suitable habitats and features, prior to commencement of the development.

Reason: In order to ensure that adverse impacts on great crested newts are adequately mitigated and to ensure that site works are delivered in full compliance with the Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’), section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

Phase 2:

4. No development of the remaining Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan “LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)”, dated 12th May 2026 as ‘Phase 2’ shall take place except in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Council’s Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’) and with the proposals detailed within the Phase 2 licence cover boundary of plan “LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)”, dated 12th May 2026.

Reason: In order to ensure that adverse impacts on great crested newts are adequately mitigated and to ensure that site works are delivered in full compliance with the Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’), section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

5. No development of the remaining Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan “LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)”, dated 12th May 2026 as ‘Phase 2’ shall take place unless and until a certificate from the Delivery Partner (as set out in the District Licence WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’), confirming that all necessary measures regarding great crested newt compensation have been appropriately dealt with, has been submitted to and approved by the planning authority and the authority has provided authorisation for the development to proceed under the district newt licence.

The delivery partner certificate must be submitted to this planning authority for approval prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved.

Reason: In order to adequately compensate for negative impacts to great crested newts, and in line with section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

6. No development of the remaining Land at LVS Hassocks hereby permitted and as shown within development impact plan “LVS Hassocks: Impact plan for great crested newt District Licensing (Version 2)”, dated 12th May 2026 as ‘Phase 2’ shall take place except in accordance with Part 1 of the Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles, as set out in the District Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’) and in addition in compliance with the following:

- Works to existing ponds onsite may only be undertaken during autumn/winter, unless otherwise in accordance with the Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles.
- Works which will affect likely newt hibernacula may only be undertaken during the active period for amphibians.
- Capture methods must be used at suitable habitat features prior to the commencement of the development (i.e., hand/destructive/night searches), which may include the use of temporary amphibian fencing, to prevent newts moving onto a development site from adjacent suitable habitat, installed for the period of the development (and removed upon completion of the development).
- Amphibian fencing and pitfall trapping must be undertaken at suitable habitats and features, prior to commencement of the development.

Reason: In order to ensure that adverse impacts on great crested newts are adequately mitigated and to ensure that site works are delivered in full compliance with the Organisational Licence (WML-OR177, or a ‘Further Licence’), section 15 of the National Planning Policy Framework, Circular 06/2005 and the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006.

Informatives:

It is recommended that the NatureSpace Best Practice Principles are considered and implemented where possible and appropriate.

It is recommended that the NatureSpace certificate is submitted to this planning authority at least 6 months prior to the intended commencement of any works on site.

It is essential to note that any works or activities whatsoever undertaken on site (including ground investigations, site preparatory works or ground clearance) prior to receipt of the written authorisation from the planning authority which permits the development to proceed under the District Licence (WML-OR177, or a 'Further Licence') are not licensed under the great crested newt District Licence. Any such works or activities have no legal protection under the great crested newt District Licence and if offences against great crested newts are thereby committed then criminal investigation and prosecution by the police may follow.

It is essential to note that any ground investigations, site preparatory works and ground / vegetation clearance works / activities (where not constituting development under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990) in a red zone site authorised under the District Licence but which fail to respect controls equivalent to those detailed in the planning condition above which refers to the NatureSpace great crested newt mitigation principles would give rise to separate criminal liability under the District Licence, requiring authorised developers to comply with the District Licence and (in certain cases) with the GCN Mitigation Principles (for which Natural England is the enforcing authority); and may also give rise to criminal liability under the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) and/or the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended) (for which the Police would be the enforcing authority).

Activities and operations under a District Licence

The District Licence contains a 'Protocol for activities and operations affecting great crested newts within the licensed area' (see Annex B of the licence) – which contains a list of activities, operations, and licensable acts. The full list does not apply in every authorisation under the District Licence. This report details the activities, methods and acts which would be permitted for the proposed development, based on the impacts as assessed.

Permitted activities and operations under the District Licence (subject to receiving planning consent and written authorisation from the planning authority):

A3—Pond creation, enhancement, and management

A4—Terrestrial habitat creation, enhancement, reinstatement, and management

A5—Capture, exclusion, and relocation of great crested newts from terrestrial and aquatic habitat. Permitted methods:

- by hand,
- hand searches of suitable features,
- destructive searches,
- bottle traps,
- pitfall traps and refuges,
- night/torch searching,
- nets,
- exclusion fencing (including exclusion by, upright and one-way temporary amphibian fencing)
- drift fencing
- ring-fencing water body

Note this includes fence installation and removal. Note also that the above activities may only be carried out by someone with an appropriate great crested newt licence. Further details are contained in the NatureSpace Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles and Best Practice principles.

A6—Relocating great crested newts at imminent risk of harm on Development Land. Permitted methods:

- by hand,
- hand searches,
- destructive searches

A7—Site clearance—including removal of vegetation, hard-standing, buildings and landscaping

A8—Removal of rubble and log piles and other potential hibernacula

A9 —Drain down ponds, ditches, and waterbodies

A10 —Fill-in ponds, ditches, and waterbodies

A11—Construction activities

Note that in this case, the activities and operations referenced A3, A4, A9 and A10 are not required under the licence, but will be included in the authorisation, to legally permit those activities should you have need for them (e.g., for aquatic or terrestrial habitat creation).

Licensable acts which would be made lawful by an authorisation for the proposed development under the District Licence:

Capture; Possess; Transport; Take eggs; Disturb; Killing & injuring; Damage & destroy resting places; Damage & destroy breeding sites.

Protocol Conditions

Annex B of the District Licence is a 'Protocol for activities and operations affecting great crested newts within the licensed area' and includes a number of additional 'Protocol conditions'. The full list does not apply in every authorisation under the District Licence. This report details the 'Protocol conditions' which would apply to this site, based on the impacts as assessed.

Protocol conditions (which would apply upon authorisation):

P1 Before any works commence on a site in the Red Zone all those persons involved with the licensable works are to be briefed by someone suitably experienced by way of a 'tool box talk' on:

- a. how to identify great crested newts
- b. what to do should great crested newts be found, including good working practices and
- c. what is and is not permitted under the licence.

P2 Certain activities permitted by this licence require ecological expertise. Activities subject to this condition can only be carried out by an ecologist with an appropriate great crested newt Survey Licence or under the direct supervision of such a person.

P3 Where licence or protocol conditions refer to publications, licence users are expected to refer to the most up to date iteration available. Natural England can direct users to the relevant iterations.

P4 The biosecurity guidelines in Amphibian Disease Precautions: A guide for UK fieldworkers, Advice Note 4 (available from www.arguk.org) must be observed by all licence users.

P5 Great crested newts must not be relocated outside the Licensed Area, over a distance greater than 1 kilometre or beyond a significant physical barrier to dispersal without the permission of Natural England.

Note: the 'Licensed Area' refers to the district covered by the Planning Authority's District Licence. See the NatureSpace Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles for full detail about protocols for translocation of newts under the District Licence.

P6 Any animal listed in Schedule 9 Part 1 (but not Part 1A or 1B) of the 1981 Act which is a species which is not ordinarily resident in England in a wild state, that is caught in a trap set under this licence must not be released or allowed to escape back into the wild; it must be humanely despatched, unless a specific licence to release that species has been obtained, or alternative advice has been provided by Natural England.

P8 Persons capturing newts under this licence are expected to follow the advice on welfare considerations for capture programmes in the 'Great Crested Newt Mitigation Guidelines' available from Natural England.

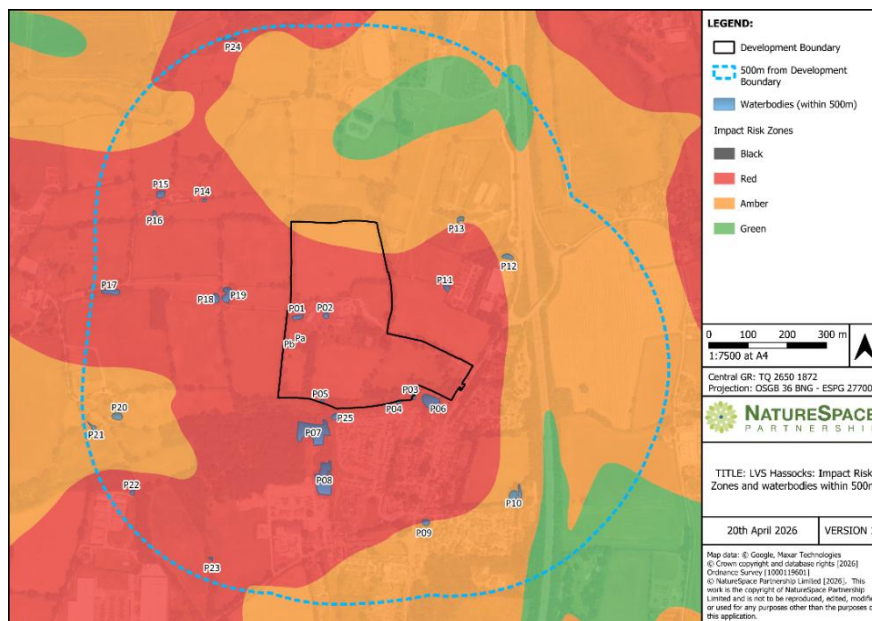
P11 Great crested newts are not to be translocated to Compensation Land or other locations within the Licensed Area unless the terrestrial and/or aquatic habitats are suitable for great crested newts. The suitability of the site is to be confirmed by a suitably qualified person (e.g., an ecologist with a great crested newt survey licence).

P12 Any licensable activities in the red zone must be carried out in accordance with the approved Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles.

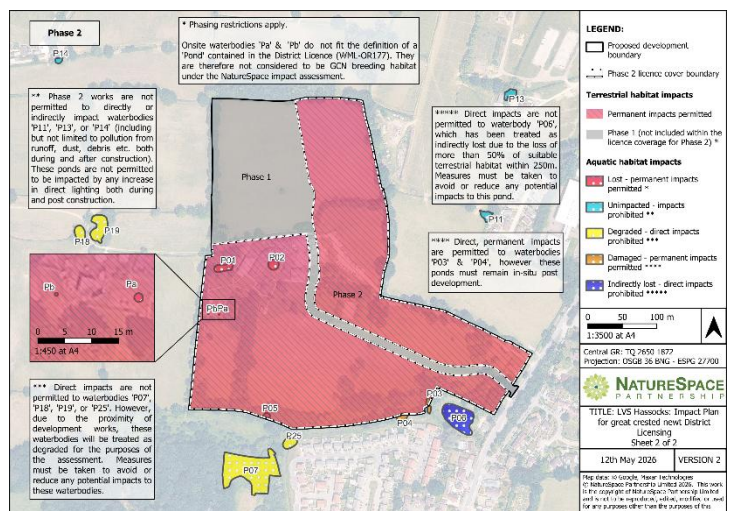
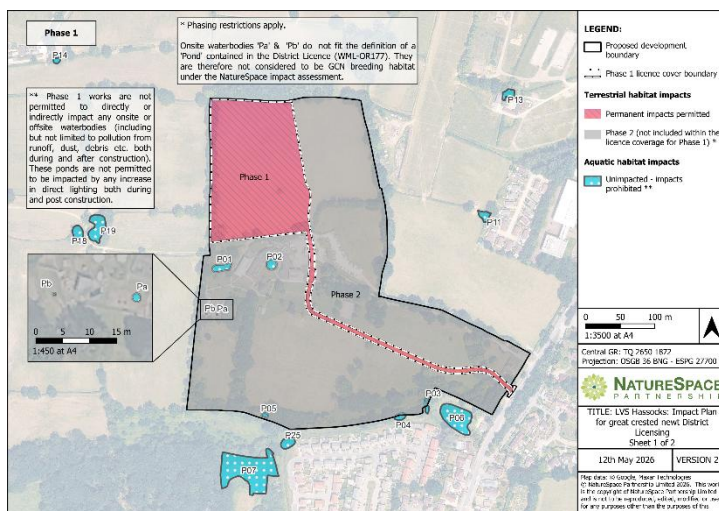


Maps

Map 1— Development Site Location Plan - Impact Risk Zones and ponds within 500m

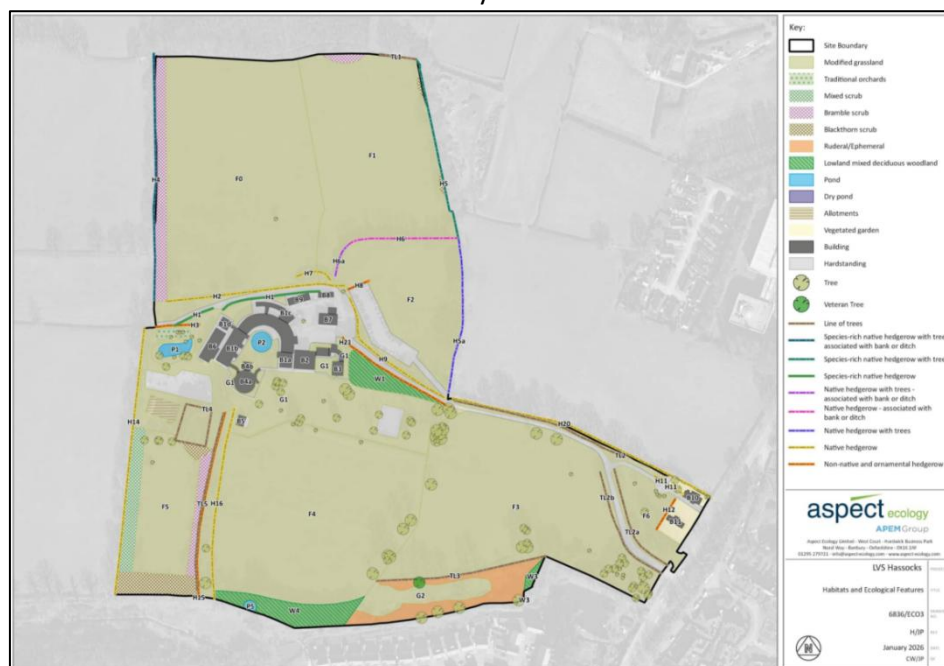


Map 2— Development Impact Plan - as assessed under the District Licensing protocols - provided by NatureSpace on 14th May 2026





Map 3 — On-site habitat plan – provided by Aspect Ecology Limited on 13th January 2026



Aquatic impacts

In this section, the aquatic impacts of the proposed development are summarised. Impacts on aquatic habitat may be direct or indirect. Waterbodies on the development site and up to 500 metres away are considered, depending on the presence of barriers to newt movement.

Total number of great crested newt-accessible waterbodies within 500m: 25

Number unimpacted: 15

Number damaged: 2

Number lost: 3

Number Indirectly lost: 1

Number degraded: 4

Pond details:

Waterbody ref	HSI score*	Peak count (if available)	Pond area (m ²)	Distance from development site (m)	Pond impact	Duration
P01	0.7	N/A	250	0	Permitted	Permanent
P02	0.8	N/A	183	0	Permitted	Permanent
P03	0.7	N/A	106	0	Permitted	Permanent
P04	0.7	N/A	120	0	Permitted	Permanent
P05	0.6	N/A	52	0	Permitted	Permanent
P06	0.7	N/A	1321	15	Prohibited – indirectly lost**	Permanent
P07	0.7	N/A	3310	40	Degraded***	Permanent
P08	0.7	N/A	2726	135	Prohibited	Permanent
P09	0.5	N/A	235	310	Prohibited	Permanent
P10	0.5	N/A	736	275	Prohibited	Permanent
P11	0.7	N/A	179	135	Prohibited	Permanent

P12	0.5	N/A	283	280	Prohibited	Permanent
P13	0.7	N/A	188	200	Prohibited	Permanent
P14	0.7	N/A	67	225	Prohibited	Permanent
P15	0.5	N/A	332	330	Prohibited	Permanent
P16	0.5	N/A	124	345	Prohibited	Permanent
P17	0.5	N/A	517	430	Prohibited	Permanent
P18	0.7	N/A	285	180	Degraded**	Permanent
P19	0.7	N/A	697	150	Degraded**	Permanent
P20	0.5	N/A	395	400	Prohibited	Permanent
P21	0.5	N/A	161	475	Prohibited	Permanent
P22	0.5	N/A	116	440	Prohibited	Permanent
P23	0.5	N/A	54	440	Prohibited	Permanent
P24	0.5	N/A	211	490	Prohibited	Permanent
P25	0.7	N/A	242	15	Degraded**	Permanent

* If HSI score is not available, a score of 0.7 is assumed for waterbodies within 250m of the development site and a HSI score of 0.5 for waterbodies 250-500m from the development site.

** Waterbody 'P06' is considered indirectly lost in this assessment due to landscape fragmentation and loss of surrounding suitable habitat as a result of development. However, no direct impacts to this waterbody are permitted (including but not limited to pollution from runoff, dust, debris etc. both during and post construction). This pond is not permitted to be impacted by any increase in direct lighting both during and post construction.

*** A 'Degraded' classification means that there is a reduction in the suitability of a waterbody for great crested newts as a result of development works (construction phase or following works completion). In this case, P7, P18, P19, and P25 are considered permanently degraded due to a material increase in pressure from increased public access, as well as access from pets as a result of the large residential development. P25 is additionally subject to an increase in indirect developmental impacts such as dust and runoff due to being within 15m of the site boundary.

Terrestrial impacts

This part of the report summarises the terrestrial impacts. Impacts on linear terrestrial habitats are assessed and summarised separately from general terrestrial habitat impacts. Impacts on terrestrial habitats may be direct or indirect.

Hibernation features present on site? Yes

Terrestrial impact details:

Habitat type	Area (ha) affected	Impacts permitted / prohibited?	Impact duration
Hardstanding	0.864	Permitted	Permanent
Bramble scrub	0.275	Permitted	Permanent
Blackthorn scrub	0.146	Permitted	Permanent
Modified grassland	11.350	Permitted	Permanent
Native hedgerow	0.220	Permitted	Permanent
Ornamental hedgerow	0.083	Permitted	Permanent
Species rich native hedgerow	0.032	Permitted	Permanent
Vegetated garden	0.091	Permitted	Permanent
Lowland mixed deciduous woodland	0.307	Permitted	Permanent
Line of trees	0.111	Permitted	Permanent
Traditional orchard	0.023	Permitted	Permanent
Native hedgerow with trees	0.025	Permitted	Permanent
Native hedgerow associated with bank or ditch	0.034	Permitted	Permanent
Buildings	0.315	Permitted	Permanent
Ruderal/Ephemeral	0.276	Permitted	Permanent
Species rich native hedgerow with trees	0.044	Permitted	Permanent
Allotments	0.041	Permitted	Permanent

Mixed scrub	0.143	Permitted	Permanent
Woodland/scrub	0.220	Prohibited (indirect loss)	Permanent
TOTAL:	14.600 ha		

Total terrestrial habitat with permitted impact:	Total area (ha)	Good/moderate terrestrial area (ha)
Within 50m of a pond:	2.449	0.602
50-250m from a pond:	10.751	1.248
250m+ from a pond:	0	0
TOTAL:	13.200 ha	1.850 ha

Landscape-Level Assessment

Connectivity assessment: Highly connected to waterbodies and priority habitats for migration and dispersal with low levels of fragmentation and no permeability barriers.

Range assessment: Low impact to wider landscape great crested newt distribution/range.

Contribution to Strategic Opportunity Area: Site is not located within a Strategic Opportunity Area.

Prospects assessment: Moderate.

Other relevant information:

Onsite Waterbodies 'Pa' and 'Pb' do not meet the definition of a 'Pond' contained in the District Licence (WML-OR177). These waterbodies have therefore not been considered as great crested newt breeding habitat, and have subsequently been omitted from the NatureSpace Impact Assessment.

As this is a red zone site there will be an obligation to adhere to the Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles to reduce risk of harm to great crested newts.

Works to existing onsite ponds onsite may only be undertaken during autumn/winter. This requirement will apply to any ponds on site which are suitable for newts (based on the HSI score and suitability of terrestrial habitat), and which will be damaged or destroyed during development. This requirement is intended to ensure that pond drain down is undertaken outside the great crested newt breeding season, which likely to be is the least harmful time of year to undertake such works. If it is essential that a suitable great crested newt pond is drained down in the spring or summer, an intensive trapping exercise at the pond is acceptable, please see the Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles for more details.

The requirement that removal or disturbance of newt hibernacula must only take place during the active season (generally mid-February to mid-October, dependant on the season and weather conditions) has been triggered. This applies to likely great crested newt hibernacula that would need to be identified by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist before they undertake a 'tool box talk' and advise on-site personnel accordingly.

The requirement for capture methods to be used at suitable habitat features has been triggered in this case because the proposals involve removal of suitable onsite habitat such as hedgerows and scrub. It is the responsibility of the ecologist acting as an accredited agent under a District Licence authorisation to use their professional discretion to identify any suitable habitats where mitigation requirements will apply, during their site walkover before works begin. It is advisable that detailed records are kept of any decision-making regarding the implementation of mitigation measures during site works.

The requirement for amphibian fencing, pitfall trapping and the use of capture methods at suitable habitats and features has been triggered in this case due to the damage to terrestrial habitats close to great crested newt waterbodies. It is the responsibility of the ecologist acting as an accredited agent under a District Licence authorisation to use their professional discretion to identify any suitable habitats where mitigation requirements will apply, and which methods are most appropriate for those habitats.

It is recommended that current management practices persist on-site during the timeframe between this Report issue and Authorisation under the District Licence. This is to ensure the site does not become more suitable for great crested newts in the interim period.

Planning appeals

In the event that the proposed development is refused, and a subsequent appeal made to the Planning Inspectorate, the District Licence documents will need to be reconfirmed by NatureSpace and then submitted to PINs as part of the appeal documentation. The applicant should contact NatureSpace in the event of an appeal to expedite this. Failure to do so could mean that the development would not be able to receive authorisation under the District Licence if approved at appeal.

District Licence – Conditions of use

Once authorised, a developer becomes an 'Authorised Developer' under the Council's District Licence, which includes certain conditions of use (in addition to any planning conditions). When working under a District Licence, Authorised Developers are advised to retain ecological support from an appropriate ecological consultant, and it is recommended that the NatureSpace 'Best Practice Principles' are adhered to.

There are some specific licence conditions for Authorised Developers to note:

- Authorised Developers authorise (in writing) their employees, officers, or contractors to act under the District Licence as Accredited Agents or Assistants.
- Authorised Developers must ensure that all persons working under the District Licence have the appropriate knowledge, training, and experience to undertake licensed activities in accordance with the terms and conditions of the licence and best practice. For example, where capture of newts is required, this operation must be undertaken by, or supervised by, someone with the appropriate experience and training (and licence to handle newts).
- All persons working under the licence must comply with the terms and conditions of the licence.
- In the red zone, Authorised Developers must comply with the approved Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles (the separate 'Best Practice Principles' are a recommendation for all developments operating under a District Licence and the 'Great Crested Newt Mitigation Principles' are a mandatory requirement in the red zone).
- Authorised Developers may (on application to the Planning Authority) request a transfer of an authorisation to another developer.
- Authorised Developers must keep certain records and provide these to the Planning Authority or to NatureSpace in a timely manner. Records must be kept of:
 - All persons, companies and organisations authorised to act under the licence and in what capacity
 - Details of licensed activities: dates work commenced and was completed; aquatic and terrestrial impacts; any in-situ compensations; details of any great crested newts captured/moved, etc.
 - Any changes to development land (including management changes)
 - Any surveying/monitoring information
 - Any incidents or reports of activities in breach of the licence or the great crested newt planning conditions (including details of action taken, such as disciplinary and remedial actions)

- Any other material plans or records relating to the use of the District Licence.
- Authorised Developers must permit an officer of Natural England reasonable access to monitor work being undertaken under the authority of the District Licence.
- Natural England must be informed of any breaches to the District Licence within 48 hours of any person becoming aware of a breach. The Licensee will take any necessary steps to address any breaches or poor practice.
- A failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the District Licence by an Authorised Developer, their Accredited Agents or Assistants will, by default, render the authorisation for the development site null and void.

Important:

This report is not an authorisation to work under a District Licence.

Authorisations are only issued by the Licensee, in writing and only for developments that are in receipt of a valid planning permission, and which have paid any necessary compensatory payments to the Compensation Scheme.

Enquiries:

For any enquiries relating to this report please contact NatureSpace Partnership:

Email: info@naurespaceuk.com

Tel: 01865 688307

Website: <https://naurespaceuk.com/>

For any enquiries relating to District Licensing, please contact either NatureSpace Partnership, your planning authority or Natural England - gcndll@naturalengland.org.uk

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