

Planning Application Consultation Response

Application Details

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| Application Number | DM/25/0708 |
| Response Date | 17/11/25 |
| Site Location | Firs Farm Copthorne Common Copthorne Crawley West Sussex RH10 3LF |
| Development Description | Redevelopment of the site to provide 5 dwellinghouses with associated amenity space and parking; hard and soft landscaping; cycle and refuse storage; change of use of land to residential garden for existing dwellinghouse and associated access works. |
| Recommendation ¹ | Further information required. |

Flood Risk

Information

[The Planning Practice Guidance for Flood Risk and Coastal Change](#) requires all sources of flood risk to be considered consistently with how fluvial and tidal flood risk is considered within the [National Planning Policy Framework](#). This means that surface water flood risk extents should be considered comparable to flood zones when assessing a development's vulnerability to flooding and the need for a site-specific flood risk assessment.

For clarity Mid Sussex District Council's Flood Risk and Drainage Team (in line with advice from West Sussex Lead Local Flood Authority) utilise the below table when considering flood risk.

| Annual exceedance | Flood Zone | Surface Water Flood Risk |
|---|------------|--------------------------|
| Greater than 3.3% (>1:30-year) | 3b | High |
| Between 1% and 3.3% (1:100-year and 1:30-year) | 3a | Medium |
| Between 0.1% and 1% (1:1,000-year and 1:100-year) | 2 | Low |
| Less than 0.1% (<1:1,000-year) | 1 | Very Low |

Application specific comment

The Environment Agency released updated flood risk mapping following the new National Flood Risk Assessment (NaFRA2) in early 2025. The updated mapping uses new and improved methods to assess flood risk. The site is in flood zone 1 and is at low fluvial flood risk (risk of flooding from Main Rivers).

The flood zones continue to reflect undefended, present-day flood risk from rivers and the sea. They do not account for climate change or the presence of flood defences, maintaining alignment with planning policy principles.

¹ In line with guidance from the Planning Department the Flood Risk and Drainage Team, where considered appropriate, utilise conditions to address detailed drainage design and detailed design of flood mitigation measures.

The Environment Agency released the updated Risk of Flooding from Surface Water (RoFSW) mapping on January 28, 2025.

The RoFSW was created using a combination of local flood model information and national flood modelling. These were used to generate the probabilities of flood risk for each 2m grid square of land, with the aim of using the best available flood risk information in any one location.

As well as present day (2025) risk of flooding from surface water, climate change scenarios (2040 – 2060) have been produced to indicate the predicted impacts of climate change on future flood risk.

Climate change allowances are based on the latest UK Climate Projections (UKCP18) from the Met Office. They use a mid-range allowance within [Representative Concentration Pathway \(RCP\) 8.5](#).

A near-term epoch (2040 – 2060 “2050s” epoch) and central allowances are being used initially, to support short and medium-term decisions informed by the highest flood likelihood projections.

In the absence of climate change allowances provided until 2125 (NPPF (*Guidance Flood risk and coastal change considers* “Residential development can be assumed to have a lifetime of at least 100 years” *Paragraph: 006 Reference ID: 7-006-20220825* Revision date: 25 08 2022) the Environment Agency have advised that “the time horizon [is] too short for most development types” and the “Climate change scenario [is] insufficiently precautionary” and “may be relevant to inform assessments, but additional information [is] usually needed” to established the designed flood level for the site.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water mapping suggests the site is shown to be at very low to low surface water flood risk (comparable to flood zones 1 & 2) for the present day (2025) and to be at very low to low surface water flood risk (comparable to flood zones 1 & 2) within the climate change range of 2040 – 2060.

The areas of surface water flood risk are localised ponding with no clear flow path.

The proposed development is a ‘more vulnerable’ development (NPPF, Annex 3).

Historical Flood Risk

Mid Sussex District Council’s records do not contain records of the site flooding. Our records also contain no records of flooding within the area immediately surrounding the site.

Mid Sussex District Council’s records are not complete, and flooding may have occurred which is not recorded. A site having never flooded in the past does not mean it won’t flood in the future.

Sewers on Site

The Southern Water public sewer map does not show any public sewers located within the redline boundary of the site. The nearest public foul sewer is located along the Copthorne Common Road (A264) to the north of the site.

There may be sewers located on the site not shown on the plan which are now considered public sewers. Any drain which serves more than one property, or crosses into the site from a separate site may be considered a public sewer. Advice in relation to this situation can be found on the relevant water authority's website.

Surface Water Drainage

Information

Surface water drainage will ultimately need to be designed to meet the latest national and local planning and drainage policies and guidance. The drainage system will need to consider climate change, the allowances for which should be based on the climate change guidance from the Environment Agency at the time of detailed design.

Detailed drainage design should consider the impact a flooded outfall could have on the proposed drainage system.

The recommendation for a drainage condition to be utilised for an application does not preclude the need for updated calculations or alterations to a drainage strategy. Recommendation for a drainage condition shows that the Flood Risk and Drainage Team are of the opinion that the development has shown that, in principle, drainage could successfully be provided on the site.

Application specific comment

The BGS infiltration potential map shows the site to be in an area with high to moderate infiltration potential. Therefore, the use of infiltration drainage such as permeable paving or soakaways may be possible on site. To ensure the drainage hierarchy is followed this will need to be confirmed through infiltration testing on site as part of detailed drainage design.

While infiltration testing (June 2025) demonstrated the ground to have very low permeability ($<1 \times 10^{-6}$ m/s), it is proposed that the development will utilise underground attenuation storage with a controlled discharge to ground via shallow seepage trenches, with excess water discharging via overland flow.

Discharging onto the adjacent property is not considered a suitable discharge location. As this development is considered new build in terms of drainage. A suitable method which does not have a negative impact on the adjacent property is required.

Foul Water Drainage

It is proposed that the development will discharge to the public foul sewer in Copthorne Common Road (to the north) via a pump.

This is considered acceptable in principle.

Information into our general requirements for detailed foul water drainage design is included within our 'General Drainage Information Guide'. This level of information will be required to address the recommended drainage condition.

To ensure the final drainage design meets with the latest design requirements we would advise the applicant to confirm the design parameters required prior to undertaking detailed design.

Summary of Further Information Required

At this time, we will require the following further information:

- A suitable surface water discharge method which does not have a negative impact on the adjacent property is required.

Receipt of the requested additional information does not mean further information will not be requested, nor does it guarantee that the Flood Risk and Drainage Team will not object to the development. Neither does it prevent the team from recommending a flood risk or drainage condition.

For and on behalf of the Flood Risk and Drainage Team
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