

Maintenance Schedule

Bridgers Farm, Hurstpierpoint

Planning Ref: DM/22/3064

For

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1 Maintenance

1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 During construction, the Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the drainage and SuDS (Sustainable Drainage Systems). The client will take on the responsibility of these duties as laid out in this report.
- 1.1.2 The maintenance schedule for the proposed development will be split down into two separate categories; SuDS features and regular private drainage.

1.2 SuDS at Bridgers Farm, Hurstpierpoint

- 1.2.1 As listed above, in section 5.1.2, the SuDS features used on site will be **Attenuation Tank and Permeable Paving**
- 1.2.2 The SuDS features have been designed for easy maintenance and comprise:
- Regular Day-to-Day care – litter collection, regular gardening to control vegetation growth and checking inlets where water enters the SuDS features
 - Occasional tasks – checking the SuDS features and removing any silt that builds up in the SuDS feature
 - Remedial work – repairing damage where necessary

1.3 SuDS Drainage Maintenance Specification

1.3.1 Attenuation Tank

In order to maintain the functioning of the attenuation tanks, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Table 21.3 Operation and maintenance requirements for attenuation storage tanks		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Maintenance	Inspect and identify any areas that are not operating correctly. If required, take remedial action	Monthly for 3 months, then annually
	Remove debris from the catchment surface (where it may cause risks to performance)	Monthly
	For systems where rainfall infiltrates into the tank from above, check surface of filter for blockage by sediment, algae, or other matter; remove and replace surface infiltration medium as necessary.	Annually
	Remove sediment from per-treatment structures and/or internal forebays	Annually, or as required
Remedial Actions	Repair/rehabilitate inlets, outlet, overflows and vents	As required
Monitoring	Inspect/check all inlets, outlets, vents, and overflows to ensure that they are in good condition and operating as designed	Annually
	Survey inside of tank for sediment build-up and remove if necessary	Every 5 years or as required

1.3.2 Permeable Paving

In order to maintain the functioning of the permeable paving, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Table 21.3 Operation and maintenance requirements for permeable paving		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Maintenance	Brushing and vacuuming (standard cosmetic sweep over whole surface)	Once a year, after autumn leaf fall, or reduced frequency as required, based on site-specific observations of clogging or manufacturer's recommendations – pay particular attention to areas where water runs onto pervious surface from adjacent impermeable areas as this area is most likely to collect the most sediment
Occasional maintenance	Stabilise and mow contributing and adjacent areas	As required
	Removal of weeds or management using glyphosate applied directly into the weeds by an applicator rather than spraying	As required – once per year on less frequently used pavements
Remedial Actions	Remediate any landscaping which, through vegetation maintenance or soil slip, has been raised to within 50mm of level of the paving	As required
	Remedial work to any depressions, rutting and cracked or broken blocks considered detrimental to the structural performance or a hazard to users, and replace lost jointing material	As required
	Rehabilitation of surface and upper substructure by remedial sweeping	Every 10 to 15 years or as required (if infiltration performance is reduced due to significant clogging)
Monitoring	Initial inspection	Monthly for three months after installation
	Inspect for evidence of poor operation and/or weed growth – if required take remedial action	Three-monthly, 48h after large storms in first six months
	Inspect silt accumulation rate and establish appropriate brushing frequencies	Annually
	Monitor inspection chambers	Annually

1.4 General Drainage Maintenance Specification

1.4.1 Inlet Structures and Inspection Chambers

- Inlet structures such as rainwater downpipes, road gullies and channel drains should be free from obstruction at all times to all free flow through the SuDS
- Inspection Chambers and Rodding Eyes are used on bends or where pipes come together. They allow access and cleaning to the system if necessary.

Inlet Structures and Inspection Chambers	
Regular Maintenance	Frequency
Inlet Structures Inspect rainwater downpipes, channel drains and road gullies, removing obstructions and silt as necessary. Check that there is no physical damage. Strim vegetation 1m min surround to structures and keep area free from silt and debris	Monthly
Inspection Chambers and below ground control chambers. Remove cover and inspect, ensuring that the water is flowing freely and that the exit route for water is unobstructed. Remove debris and silt. Undertake inspection after leaf fall in Autumn	Annually
Occasional Maintenance Check topsoil levels are 20mm above edges of chambers to avoid mower damage.	As necessary
Remedial Work Repair physical damage if necessary	As required

1.4.2 Below ground drainage pipes

- Below ground drainage pipes convey water to the SuDS system. They should always be free from obstruction to allow free flow.

Below Ground Drainage Pipes	
Regular Maintenance	Frequency
Inspect and identify any areas that are not operating correctly. If required, take remedial action.	Monthly for 3 months then annually
Remove debris from the catchment surface (where it may cause risks to performance)	Monthly
Remove sediment from pre-treatment inlet structures and inspection chambers.	Annually or as required
Maintain vegetation to designed limits within the vicinity of below ground drainage pipes and tanks.	Monthly or as required
Remedial Work	
Repair physical damage if necessary	As required
Monitoring	
Inspect all inlets, outlets and vents to ensure that they are in good conditions and operating as designed.	Annually
Survey inside of pipe runs for sediment build up and remove if necessary.	Every 5 years or as required