



Arboricultural Survey to BS5837:2012

Hurstpierpoint College

**Ruckford House,
Malthouse Lane,
Hurstpierpoint College,
Hassocks,
BN6 9JX**

02 May 2025

Fearghus Gage BSc (Hons) MArborA

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If this report has been released electronically the appendices referred to herein can be found in the annexed zip folder/s as .pdf files. If this report has been released in hard copy the appendices will be bound into the back of this report. Plans are annexed separately as A0, A1, A2 or A3 as appropriate.

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1. Introduction

Arbtech Consulting Limited (Arbtech) received written instruction on 21 March 2025 from Hurstpierpoint College to attend Ruckford House, Malthouse Lane, Hurstpierpoint, Hassocks, BN6 9JX; grid reference, TQ 29164 17806 (site) to undertake an arboricultural survey to BS5837:2012 guidance to assess trees, hedges and major shrub groups growing on and within influencing distance of the site and to produce a Schedule of Trees, Tree Constraints Plan, Arboricultural Impact Assessment, Arboricultural Method Statement and Tree Protection Plan.

I am Fearghus Gage, a principal arboricultural consultant for Arbtech Consulting Ltd. I undertook the tree survey on 28 March 2025 and subsequently, have produced this summary of my findings.

I hold a foundation degree (FdSc) in arboriculture, a bachelors degree (BSc (Hons)) in ecology and conservation and I am a qualified Professional Tree Inspector (LANTRA). I have experience contracting and working in arboricultural consultancy over the past nine years.

The advice below and appended is underwritten by our Professional Indemnity insurance for the business practice of Arboricultural Consultancy in the sum of one million Pounds Sterling in each and every claim.

Table 1: Documents referred to.

Document	Reference No.
Survey base drawing	19900425/TS
LPA pre-app comments	N/A
British Standard 5837:2012	“BS5837”
Tree Survey Schedule	Arbtech TS 01
Tree Constraints Plan	Arbtech TCP 01

2. Survey

Survey: An arboricultural survey to BS5837 of all trees within impacting distance of the site was undertaken by Fearghus Gage on 28 March 2025.

During the survey I categorised the trees using “Table 1 – Cascade chart for tree quality assessment” of the BS5837:2012 (see Appendix 1).

A total of 28No. individual trees, 9No. groups of trees and 2No. hedges were surveyed. Details for each of the trees surveyed are provided in the Schedule of Trees (see Appendix 2).

Table 2: Documents upon which this tree survey has been based.

Document	Originator	Reference Number	Title
Survey base drawing	Offington Land Surveys Ltd	19900425/TS	Topographical Survey

Limitations: The survey was made at ground level using visual observation only. Detailed examinations, such as climbing inspections and advanced decay detection equipment were not employed, though may form part of the survey’s management recommendations. Measurements were taken using specialist tapes, laser, and GPS devices. Where this was not possible, measurements are estimated.

Scope: Pre-development tree surveys make arboricultural management recommendations based exclusively upon the individual tree or group of trees condition relative to their present context (*i.e. not in relation to the proposed development*).

Legal Status: No statutory protection check has been performed. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order (“TPO”), and those trees without. This is principally because a detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.

* For more information on the surveyed trees please see Arbtech Consulting Ltd, Tree Survey Schedule (Appendix 1), Tree Survey Report and Tree Constraints Plan.

Site description

Plot of land to the west of Ruckford House at Hurstpierpoint College.

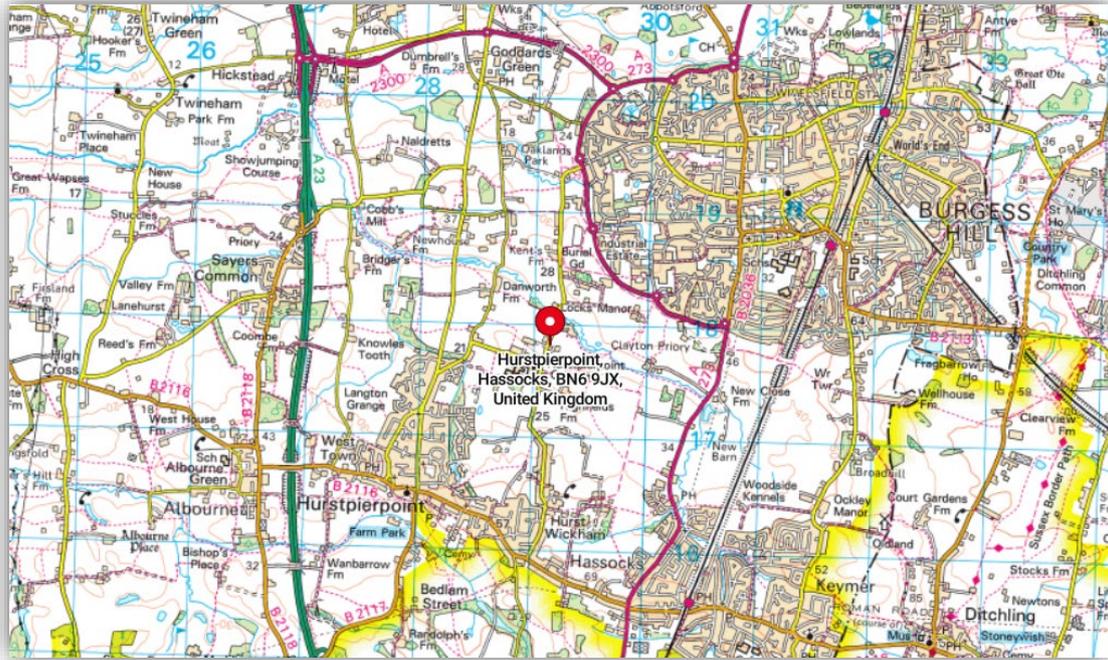


Figure 1: OS Map showing Site location (Bing Maps)



Figure 2: Aerial Image of Site with approximate red line boundary (Google Earth)

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3. BS5837:2012 Scope

This standard recognises that there can be problems for development close to existing trees which are to be retained, and of planting trees close to existing structures. This standard sets out to assist those concerned with trees, in relation to construction, to form balanced judgements. It does not set out to put arguments for or against development, or for the removal or retention of trees. Where development, including demolition, is to occur, the standard provides guidance on how to decide which trees are appropriate for retention, on the means of protecting these trees during development, including demolition and construction work, and on the means of incorporating trees into the developed landscape.

4. Methodology

The methodology used to assess the trees was the British Standard 5837:2012 ‘Trees in Relation to Construction’ tree survey method. The aim of the survey is to establish which trees are moderate and good quality; suitable for retention and justifying protection. And which trees are low or poor quality; either undesirable or unsuitable to retain and protect.

The tree survey includes all trees included in the land survey red line boundary plan, as well as any that may have been missed, and it should categorize trees or groups of trees, including woodlands for their quality and value within the existing context, in a transparent, understandable, and systematic way. Where the arboriculturist has deemed it appropriate, the trees have been tagged with small metal or plastic tags, placed as high as is convenient on the stem of each tree.

Whilst master plan proposals for the development of the site might be available, the trees have been surveyed without taking these into consideration. All detailed design work on site layout should take into consideration the results of the tree survey (and the TCP).

Trees forming groups and areas of woodland (including orchards, wood pasture and historic parkland) are identified and considered as groups where the arboriculturist has determined that this is appropriate, particularly where they contain a variety of species and age classes that could aid long-term management. It is often expedient to assess the quality and value of such groups of trees as a whole, rather than as individuals. However, an assessment of individuals within any group has been undertaken if they are open-grown or if there is a need to differentiate between them.

The quality and value of each tree or group of trees has been recorded by allocating it to one of the four categories: **A**, **B**, **C**, or **U** (highest to lowest quality respectively). The categories are differentiated on the tree survey plan by colour, or by suffixing the category adjacent to the tree identification number on the TCP.

The survey schedule lists all the trees or groups of trees. The following information is also provided:

- a) reference number (to be recorded on the tree survey plan);
- b) species (common or scientific names);
- c) height in meters (m);
- d) stem diameter in millimetres (mm) at 1.5m above adjacent ground level or immediately above the root flare for multi-stemmed trees;
- e) branch spread in meters taken at the four cardinal compass points;
- f) height of crown clearance above adjacent ground level in meters (m);
- g) age class (newly planted, young, semi-mature, early mature, mature, over mature);
- h) physiological condition (e.g. good, fair, poor, decline and dead);
- i) structural condition (e.g. good, fair, poor or not visible);
- j) comment about the tree, its location and preliminary management recommendations, including further investigation of suspected defects that require more detailed assessment and potential for wildlife habitat;
- k) The retention category referring to the quality and useful contribution in years; **U** = <10yrs; **A** = >40yrs; **B** = >20yrs; **C** = >10yrs. The retention subcategory referring to the type of amenity; 1 = Arboricultural; 2 = Landscape; 3 = Cultural including conservation (see Appendix 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment).

5. Definitions

Arboriculturist

An arboriculturist (or arboricultural consultant) is a person who has, through relevant education, training, and experience, gained recognized qualifications and expertise in the field of trees in relation to construction.

Tree Survey

A tree survey should be undertaken by an arboriculturist and should record information about the trees on a site independently of and prior to any specific design for development. As a subsequent task, and with reference to a design or potential design, the results of the survey should be included in the preparation of a tree constraints plan, which should be used to assist with site layout design.

Tree Constraints Plan

A TCP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist for the purposes of layout design showing the root protection area and representing the effect that the mature height and spread of retained trees will have on layouts through shade, dominance, etc.

Root Protection Area

An RPA is a layout design tool indicating the area surrounding a tree that contains sufficient rooting volume to ensure the survival of the tree, shown in plan form in m².

Construction Exclusion Zone (also termed Tree Protection Zone)

A construction exclusion or tree protection zone is an area based on the RPA (in m²), identified by an arboriculturist, to be protected during development, including demolition and construction work, by the use of barriers and/or ground protection fit for purpose to ensure the successful long-term retention of a tree.

Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA)

This is a study, undertaken by an arboriculturist, to identify, evaluate and possibly mitigate the extent of direct and indirect impacts on existing trees that may arise as a result of the implementation of any site layout proposal.

Tree Protection Plan (TPP)

A TPP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist showing the finalized layout proposals, tree retention and tree and landscape protection measures detailed within the arboricultural method statement, which can be shown graphically.

Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS)

This is a methodology for the implementation of any aspect of development that has the potential to result in loss of or damage to a tree. The AMS is likely to include details of an on-site tree protection monitoring regime.

6. Recommendations

With the benefit of making an assessment of your planning proposals, we make the following recommendation to ensure that there are no irrevocable issues to the proposed retained trees and so that no conditions relating to arboriculture are attached to any planning consent secured; obtain an arboricultural report to include:

- a) An arboricultural impact assessment (AIA).
- b) An arboricultural method statement (AMS).
- c) A tree protection plan drawing (TPP).

7. Limitations

Trees were inspected from using visual observation from ground level only. Trees were not climbed or inspected below ground level. Inaccessible trees will have best estimates made about the location, physical dimensions, and characteristics. Trees have been grouped where BS5837 guides us that it is expedient to do so. Trees have been excluded from the survey if they are found by us to be sufficiently far away from the proposed developable area or if they are outside of the red line boundary plan showing the expectations of our client for the extent of the survey. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order (“TPO”), and those trees without. This is principally because a detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.

8. Appendices

The following documents were released to the Client as appendices to this report:

- Survey Schedule (.PDF)
- Tree Constraints Plan drawing (.DWG & .PDF)

If you require clarification of information contained herein, please do not hesitate to contact us via 01244 661170.

Yours Sincerely,



Fearghus Gage BSc (Hons) MArborA

Principal Arboriculturist

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Appendix 1: Table 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment

BS5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations

Table 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment

Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories when appropriate)			Identification on plan
Trees unsuitable for retention (see Note)				
Category U				
Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trees that have serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning). • Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline. • Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality. <p><i>NOTE Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which might be desirable to preserve; see 4.5.7.</i></p>			Dark red
	1 Mainly arboricultural qualities	2 Mainly landscape qualities	3 Mainly cultural values, including conservation	
Trees to be considered for retention				
Category A				
Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years.	Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominate and/or principal trees within an avenue).	Trees, groups, or woodlands of particular visual importance as arboricultural and/or landscape features.	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture).	Light green
Category B				
Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years.	Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remedial defects, including unsympathetic management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention of beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category 'A' designation.	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality.	Trees with material conservation or other cultural value.	Mid blue
Category C				
Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories.	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape value.	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value.	Grey

Appendix 2: Schedule of Trees

BS5837:2012 Tree Survey

Arbtech Consulting Ltd

Client: Hurstpierpoint College
 Project: Ruckford House, Malthouse Lane, Hurstpierpoint, Hassocks, BN6 9JX
 Survey Date: 28/03/2025
 Surveyor: Fearghus Gage

Unit 3, Well House Barns
 Chester Road
 Chester
 Cheshire
 CH4 0DH
 Phone: 01244 661170



Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations Survey Comment	Cat ERC	
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)							
Estimated Measurements												
G01 Various <i>See comments for details</i>	4	1	130	N	2.5	0	SM	A: 7.6 R: 1.55	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense group of cherry laurel with one small common hazel and one small sycamore growing through the centre.	C.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G02 Cherry Laurel <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>	3	1	140	N	3	0	M	A: 8.9 R: 1.68	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense very wide hedge/group lining driveway.	C.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G03 Common Beech <i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	5	1	200	N	1.5	0.5	SM	A: 18.1 R: 2.4	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Linear group of common beech lining site boundary. Group forms effective visual screen to neighbouring property.	B.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G04 Various <i>See comments for details</i>	14	1	250	N	5	2.5	EM	A: 28.3 R: 3	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Group of goat willow, common hazel and sycamore. Stems heavily ivy clad. No access to area surrounding group due to dense brambles.	B.2 40+ yrs
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:			C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature				S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature				B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations Survey Comment	Cat ERC	
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)							
Estimated Measurements												
G05 Various <i>See comments for details</i>	12	1	200	N	2.5	2	SM	A: 18.1 R: 2.4	Good	C: Fair S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense group on roadside comprised of common hazel and holly. Ivy clad stems. Crowns suppressed by neighbouring trees.	C.2 20+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G06 Common Holly <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	7	1	90	N	2	3	SM	A: 3.7 R: 1.08	Good	C: Good S: Good B: Good	Group of six trees adjacent to driveway entrance. Minor ivy on stems.	C.2 20+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G07 Common Holly <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	4	1	90	N	1.5	0	SM	A: 3.7 R: 1.08	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense group on driveway entrance.	C.2 20+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G08 Various <i>See comments for details</i>	17	1	400	N	7	5	M	A: 72.4 R: 4.8	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense group of sycamore and lawson cypress on entrance driveway.	B.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
G09 Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	12	1	350	N	5	5	SM	A: 55.4 R: 4.19	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Group of eight trees growing from within cherry laurel hedge. No access to base of trees due to dense vegetation.	B.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
H01 Various <i>See comments for details</i>	2.5	1	100	N	1	0	SM	A: 4.5 R: 1.19	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Field boundary hedge comprised of hawthorn, blackthorn, holly, sycamore and hazel.	C.2 10+ yrs
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:			C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature				S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature				B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations		Cat ERC
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)					Survey Comment		
Estimated Measurements												
H02 Cherry Laurel <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>	3	1	130	N	2	0	EM	A: 7.6 R: 1.55	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dense group lining driveway. Group pruned to current dimensions.	C.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
T01 Goat Willow <i>Salix caprea</i>	7	6	612 (Eq)	N	6.5	1.5	M	A: 169.7 R: 7.34	Good	C: Good S: Good B: Good	Multi-stemmed from 0.5m height. Large, spreading crown. Brambles tangled into crown on north and west sides.	B.1 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
T02 Goat Willow <i>Salix caprea</i>	8	2	350 (Eq)	N	3	1	EM	A: 55.4 R: 4.19	Good	C: Fair S: Not visible B: Not visible	Heavily ivy clad. No access to base of stem due to dense brambles.	B.1 20+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
T03 Goat Willow <i>Salix caprea</i>	15	6	612 (Eq)	N	6	3	M	A: 169.7 R: 7.34	Dead	C: Poor S: Not visible B: Not visible	Dead tree. Multi-stemmed from base. No access to base of stem due to dense brambles.	U n/a
Estimated Measurements												
T04 Common Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	18	1	1200	N	13	3	M	A: 651.5 R: 14.4	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Very large tree on the edge of cricket pitch. Heavily ivy clad stem. Hedging and adjacent ditch prevented detailed inspection of basal area. Minor deadwood in crown typical of size and species.	A.1.2 40+ yrs
Estimated Measurements												
T05 Common Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	16	1	750	N	7.5	5	M	A: 254.5 R: 9	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Large tree on the edge of cricket pitch. Heavily ivy clad stem. Hedging and adjacent ditch prevented detailed inspection of basal area. Minor deadwood in crown typical of size and species.	B.1 40+ yrs
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:		C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter	
	Y	Young	M	Mature			S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition	
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature			B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio	

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations		Cat ERC	
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)					Survey Comment			
T06													
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	13	9	750 (Eq)	N	6.5	2	M	A: 254.5 R: 9	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Multi-stemmed from base. Heavily ivy clad stems and crown.	B.1 20+ yrs	
				E	6.5	3							
				S	6.5	4							
				W	6.5	4							
T07													
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	13	6	612 (Eq)	N	6.5	3	EM	A: 169.7 R: 7.34	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Multi-stemmed from base. Heavily ivy clad stems and crown. No access to base of stem due to dense vegetation.	B.1 20+ yrs	
				E	4	6							
				S	4	3							
				W	5	5							
T08											Estimated Measurements		
Common Hazel <i>Corylus avellana</i>	7	10	316 (Eq)	N	3	1	M	A: 45.2 R: 3.79	Decline	C: Poor S: Not visible B: Not visible	Lapsed coppice. Extensive dieback throughout crown.	U <10 yrs	
				E	3	1							
				S	3	1							
				W	3	1							
T09											Estimated Measurements		
Common Holly <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	7	1	250	N	3	2	SM	A: 28.3 R: 3	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Heavily ivy clad stem. No access to base of tree to due ditch and vegetation.	C.2 20+ yrs	
				E	3	2							
				S	3	2							
				W	3	2							
T10											Estimated Measurements		
Common Holly <i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	4	2	128 (Eq)	N	3	1	Y	A: 7.4 R: 1.53	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Heavily ivy clad stem. No access to base of tree to due ditch and vegetation.	C.2 10+ yrs	
				E	1	1							
				S	1	1							
				W	1	1							
T11											Estimated Measurements		
Common Horse Chestnut <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	11	2	619 (Eq)	N	4.5	3	EM	A: 173.1 R: 7.42	Good	C: Fair S: Ivy B: Not visible	Ivy clad stem. Stem bifurcated at 1m height with acute stem union. Western crown overhanging adjacent road with some vehicle impact wounds to lower branches.	B.1 20+ yrs	
				E	5	5							
				S	5	3							
				W	6.5	4							
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature				Condition:	C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature					S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature					B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations Survey Comment	Cat ERC	
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)							
T12												
Lawson Cypress <i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>	14	1	310	N	2	3	SM	A: 43.5 R: 3.72	Good	C: Good S: Good B: Fair	North, west and south RPA covered with hard surfacing. Minor ivy on east side of stem.	B.1 20+ yrs
T13												
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	17	1	520	N	6.5	5	M	A: 122.3 R: 6.23	Good	C: Good S: Good B: Fair	Hard surfacing in RPA to north. Decay column in upper crown with several large dead branches one above the other.	B.1 40+ yrs
T14												
Common Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	17	2	922 (Eq)	N	8	6	M	A: 384.6 R: 11.06	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Crown growth heavily biased away from west. Twin-stemmed from base. Minor surface roots in gravel surface to northeast. Surface roots may not be associated with this tree.	B.1 40+ yrs
T15												
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	15	1	400	N	6	6	M	A: 72.4 R: 4.8	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Hard surfaced driveway in RPA to south. Western crown slightly suppressed by neighbouring trees.	B.1 40+ yrs
T16												
Common Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	1	450	N	5	6	EM	A: 91.6 R: 5.39	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Crown suppressed by neighbouring trees. Hard surfacing in RPA to north.	B.1 40+ yrs
T17												
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	10	1	180	N	2.5	6	SM	A: 14.7 R: 2.16	Fair	C: Fair S: Fair B: Good	Upper crown wedged in between branches of adjacent oak tree. Moderate dieback in lower crown.	C.2 10+ yrs
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:			C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature				S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature				B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations Survey Comment	Cat ERC	
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)							
T18												
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	15	1	340	N	6	5	EM	A: 52.3 R: 4.08	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Crown suppressed by neighbouring trees. Dead severed ivy clad stem. Hard surfacing in RPA to north.	B.1 20+ yrs
T19												
Common Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	1	310	N	1	6	SM	A: 43.5 R: 3.72	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Crown suppressed by neighbouring trees. Hard surfacing in RPA to north.	B.1 20+ yrs
T20												
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	14	1	360	N	6	5	EM	A: 58.6 R: 4.31	Good	C: Fair S: Good B: Good	Hard surfaced driveway in RPA to north and west. Western crown slightly suppressed by neighbouring trees.	B.1 40+ yrs
T21												
Myrobalan Plum <i>Prunus cerasifera</i>	6	1	240	N	3	3.5	EM	A: 26.1 R: 2.88	Good	C: Good S: Fair B: Good	Stem growing at 45 degree angle to northwest. Main stem has 3.5m clearance from nearside of driveway.	B.1 20+ yrs
T22											Estimated Measurements	
Holm Oak <i>Quercus ilex</i>	10	1	350	N	3	4.5	EM	A: 55.4 R: 4.19	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	No access to base of stem due to dense cherry laurel.	B.1 40+ yrs
T23											Estimated Measurements	
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	12	1	300	N	4	6	EM	A: 40.7 R: 3.59	Good	C: Good S: Ivy B: Not visible	Ivy clad stem and crown. No access to base of stem due to dense vegetation.	B.1 20+ yrs
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature	Condition:			C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature				S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature				B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Tree and Tag No Species	Hght (m)	Stems		Crown		Age	RP A (m ²) R (m)	Phys Condition	Structural Condition	Preliminary Recommendations Survey Comment	Cat ERC		
		No	Ø (mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)								
T24													
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	11	1	200	N	3	5	SM	A: 18.1 R: 2.4	Good	C: Fair S: Ivy B: Not visible	Ivy clad stem and lower crown. Crown slightly suppressed by neighbouring trees.	C.2 10+ yrs	
				E	3	5							
				S	3	5							
				W	3	5							
T25													
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	5	4	150 (Eq)	N	1.5	1	Y	A: 10.2 R: 1.8	Good	C: Fair S: Poor B: Poor	Coppiced tree with regrowth from basal cut.	C.2 10+ yrs	
				E	1.5	1							
				S	1.5	1							
				W	1.5	1							
T26											Estimated Measurements		
Goat Willow <i>Salix caprea</i>	13	5	5 x 200	N	7	5	M	A: 90.5 R: 5.4	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Base of tree inaccessible due to dense vegetation. Multi-stemmed from 1m height.	B.1 20+ yrs	
				E	7	5							
				S	7	5							
				W	7	5							
T27											Estimated Measurements		
Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	14	1	300	N	5	5	EM	A: 40.7 R: 3.59	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	No access to base of stem due to dense vegetation.	B.1 20+ yrs	
				E	5	5							
				S	5	5							
				W	5	5							
T28											Estimated Measurements		
Red Maple <i>Acer rubrum</i>	13	3	533 (Eq)	N	7	5	M	A: 128.5 R: 6.39	Good	C: Good S: Not visible B: Not visible	Multi-stemmed from base. No access to base of stem due to dense vegetation. Heavily ivy clad stem and lower crown.	B.1 40+ yrs	
				E	6	5							
				S	3	5							
				W	5	5							
Age Classifications:	N	Newly planted	EM	Early Mature				Condition:	C	Crown	Stems:	Ø	Diameter
	Y	Young	M	Mature					S	Stem		(Eq)	Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition
	SM	Semi-mature	OM	Over Mature					B	Basal area	ERC:		Estimated Remaining Contributio

Appendix 3: Tree Constraints Plan

9. Document Production Record

Document number	Editor	Signature	Position	Issue number	Date
Arbtech TSR 01	Fearghus Gage		Principal Arboriculturist	01	02/05/25

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