



Carex pendula – Tall, arching sedge, flowers in summer, ideal for damp or shaded areas.
Molinia caerulea – Produces airy, purple-tinged flower spikes from summer to autumn, prefers acidic soils.
Calluna vulgaris – Common Heather, blooms late summer to early autumn, pink to purple flowers.
Vaccinium vitis-idaea – Lingonberry, evergreen shrub with red berries in late summer, white flowers in spring.
Geranium phaeum – Dusky cranesbill, blooms in late spring to early summer with dark purple flowers.
Deschampsia cespitosa – Tufted Hair Grass, with feathery flower panicles in midsummer, prefers moist soils.
Polystichum setiferum – Soft Shield Fern, evergreen fern, no flowers, ideal for shaded areas.
Ajuga reptans – Bugleweed, flowers in spring with blue spikes, ideal ground cover in part shade.
Cornus sanguinea 'Midwinter Fire' – Dogwood, known for its striking red stems in winter, flowers in late spring.
Dryopteris affinis – Golden Male Fern, evergreen, ideal for shaded, moist areas, no flowers.
Achillea millefolium – Yarrow, blooms from summer to early autumn with white or pink clusters.
Filipendula vulgaris – Dropwort, flowers in early to midsummer with creamy-white clusters.
Miscanthus sp. – Ornamental grass, flowers in late summer with feathery plumes.
Viburnum opulus – Guelder Rose, white flowers in spring followed by bright red berries.
Persicaria 'Fireglow' – Blooms summer to early autumn with vibrant red spikes, prefers moist soil.
Sanguisorba officinalis – Great Burnet, blooms in late summer with deep red flower spikes.
Eupatorium maculatum – Joe Pye Weed, pink-purple flowers in late summer, attracts pollinators.
Stachys 'Hummelo' – Spikes of purple flowers in summer, drought-tolerant.
Symphytotrichum 'Little Carlow' – Small-leaved aster, flowers late summer to autumn with lavender-blue blooms.
Phlox russeliana – Yellow-flowered perennial, blooms in late spring and summer.
Cornus canadensis – Dwarf Dogwood, white flowers in late spring, followed by red berries.
Salix repens – Creeping Willow, catkins in early spring, ideal for damp areas.
Polypodium vulgare – Common Polypody, evergreen fern, no flowers, thrives in part shade.
Genista tinctoria – Dyer's Broom, yellow flowers in summer, prefers well-drained soils.
Erica cinerea – Bell Heather, purple-pink flowers in summer, attracts pollinators.

Pond Areas
Part-Shade



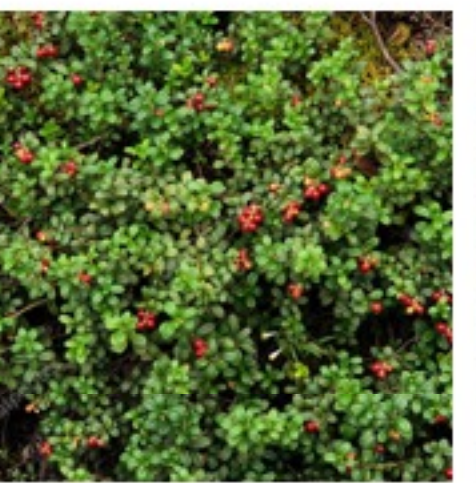
Carex pendula



Molinia caerulea



Calluna vulgaris



Vaccinium vitis-idaea



Geranium phaeum



Deschampsia cespitosa



Polystichum setiferum



Ajuga reptans



Cornus sanguinea
'Midwinter Fire'



Dryopteris affinis



Achillea millefolium



Filipendula vulgaris



Miscanthus sp.



Viburnum opulus



Persicaria 'Fireglow'



Sanguisorba officinalis



Eupatorium maculatum



Stachys 'Hummelo'



Symphytotrichum 'Little Carlow'



Phlox russeliana



Cornus canadensis



Salix repens



Polypodium vulgare



Genista tinctoria



Erica cinerea



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general notes:
1. Only figured dimensions are to be worked from.
2. Contractors must check all dimensions on site.
3. Discrepancies must be reported to the Landscape architect before proceeding.
4. Not suitable for construction unless stated below.
5. This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all relevant Architect drawings, specifications and other Consultant's information.

SOCIETY OF
GARDEN +
LANDSCAPE
DESIGNERS
REGISTERED MEMBER

project:
Chownes Mead

client:
RCM Partnership LLP
drawn by:
ND

issued:
16/07/2026
scale:
N/A
print size:
A1
stage:
Planning

drawing:
Planting: Woodland

drawing title:
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revision