

Delegated Decision

Sign off Sheet

Ref. No:	DM/25/2023	Case Officer:	Andrew Horrell
Application Type:	Agricultural Prior Not. - Building		
Proposal:	Erection of agricultural building		
Site:	Tansy Farm, Hickstead Lane, Hickstead, West Sussex, , , ,		
Validation Date	11 Aug 2025	Overall Expiry Date:	
Pre-Commencement Conditions Required:		Pre-Com Conditions Date Agreed:	
Recommendation:	Prior Approval Is Not Required	Recommendation Date:	1 Sep 2025
Target Date:	8 Sep 2025	Recommending Officer Signature:	Andrew Horrell

Date Legal Agreement Completed: (if applicable)		No of Representations:	0
--	--	-------------------------------	---

Signed and Agreed By:	Steven King	Date:	1 Sep 2025
Comments:			

MID SUSSEX DISTRICT COUNCIL

DM/25/2023

**Tansy Farm, Hickstead Lane, Hickstead, West Sussex, , ,
Erection of agricultural building
Mr B Atfield**

SUMMARY OF REPRESENTATIONS

None received.

CONSULTATION COMMENTS

None received

INTRODUCTION

This application seeks a determination under the prior notification procedure as laid out under Schedule 2, Part 6, Class A (a) of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 for the construction of an agricultural building to store fodder and machinery on land at Tansy Farm, Hickstead Lane, Hickstead.

RELEVANT PLANNING HISTORY

TW/009/94 - ERECTION OF FARM BUILDING FOR HAY AND STRAW STORAGE. (refused)

SITE AND SURROUNDINGS

The site is on land belonging to the property known as Tansy Farm, Hickstead Lane, Hickstead. The farm has a number of agricultural buildings for storage, metal sheet roofed buildings.

The locality has a rural character with sporadic loose knit residential and agricultural properties, with areas of woodland and open fields surrounding.

To the east of the site are the agricultural buildings associated with the farm. To the north are fields. To the south is the access track to highway and immediately to the west is fields.

APPLICATION DETAILS

The proposed pitched roofed building would have a depth of 18.1m, a width of 61m with an approximate height to eaves of 6m and a ridge height of 8.62m. The building would have vertical timber cladding and concrete panels with a fibre cement roof. The building is open on the northern elevation.

This new building will be a store for fodder and machinery.

LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Under the provisions of Part 6, Class A of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, Prior Notification of the development must be submitted to the LPA for consideration as to the siting, design and appearance of the development. The LPA must thereafter issue a decision as to the requirement for prior approval of the development within 28 days of the receipt of the application.

Part 6, Class A states in part that:

'Class A - agricultural development on units of 5 hectares or more

Permitted development

A. The carrying out on agricultural land comprised in an agricultural unit of 5 hectares or more in area of—

- (a) works for the erection, extension or alteration of a building; or
- (b) any excavation or engineering operations, which are reasonably necessary for the purposes of agriculture within that unit.

Development not permitted

A.1 Development is not permitted by Class A if—

- (a) the development would be carried out on a separate parcel of land forming part of the unit which is less than 1 hectare in area;
- (b) it would consist of the erection or extension of any agricultural building on an established agricultural unit (as defined in paragraph X of Part 3 of this Schedule) where development under Class Q or S of Part 3 (changes of use) of this Schedule has been carried out within a period of 10 years ending with the date on which development under Class A(a) begins;
- (c) it would consist of, or include, the erection, extension or alteration of a dwelling;
- (d) it would involve the provision of a building, structure or works not designed for agricultural purposes;
- (e) the ground area which would be covered by—
 - (i) any works or structure (other than a fence) for accommodating livestock or any plant or machinery arising from engineering operations would exceed 1,000 square metres; or
 - (ii) any building erected or extended or altered by virtue of Class A would exceed 1,500 square metres, calculated as described in paragraph D.1(2)(a) of this Part;
- (f) the height of any part of any building, structure or works within 3 kilometres of the perimeter of an aerodrome would exceed 3 metres;
- (g) the height of any part of any building, structure or works not within 3 kilometres of the perimeter of an aerodrome would exceed 12 metres;
- (h) any part of the development would be within 25 metres of a metalled part of a trunk road or classified road;
- (i) it would consist of, or include, the erection or construction of, or the carrying out of any works to, a building, structure or an excavation used or to be used for the accommodation of livestock or for the storage of slurry or sewage sludge where the building, structure or excavation is, or would be, within 400 metres of the curtilage of a protected building;
- (j) it would involve excavations or engineering operations on or over article 2(4) land which are connected with fish farming; or
- (k) any building for storing fuel for or waste from a biomass boiler or an anaerobic digestion system—
 - (i) would be used for storing waste not produced by that boiler or system or for storing fuel not produced on land within the unit; or
 - (ii) is or would be within 400 metres of the curtilage of a protected building.

Conditions

A.2— (1) Development is permitted by Class A subject to the following conditions—

- (a) where development is carried out within 400 metres of the curtilage of a protected building, any building, structure, excavation or works resulting from the development are not used for the accommodation of livestock except in the circumstances described in paragraph D.1(3) of this Part or for the storage of slurry or sewage sludge, for housing a biomass boiler or an anaerobic digestion system, for storage of fuel or waste from that boiler or system, or for housing a hydro-turbine;
- (b) where the development involves—
 - (i) the extraction of any mineral from the land (including removal from any disused railway embankment); or
 - (ii) the removal of any mineral from a mineral-working deposit, the mineral is not moved off the unit;

(c) waste materials are not brought on to the land from elsewhere for deposit except for use in works described in Class A(a) or in the provision of a hard surface and any materials so brought are incorporated forthwith into the building or works in question.

(2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), development consisting of—

- (a) the erection, extension or alteration of a building;
- (b) the formation or alteration of a private way;
- (c) the carrying out of excavations or the deposit of waste material (where the relevant area, as defined in paragraph D.1(4) of this Part, exceeds 0.5 hectares); or
- (d) the placing or assembly of a tank in any waters, is permitted by Class A subject to the following conditions—
 - (i) the developer must, before beginning the development, apply to the local planning authority for a determination as to whether the prior approval of the authority will be required as to the siting, design and external appearance of the building, the siting and means of construction of the private way, the siting of the excavation or deposit or the siting and appearance of the tank, as the case may be;
 - (ii) the application must be accompanied by a written description of the proposed development and of the materials to be used and a plan indicating the site together with any fee required to be paid;
 - (iii) the development must not begin before the occurrence of one of the following—
 - (aa) the receipt by the applicant from the local planning authority of a written notice of their determination that such prior approval is not required;
 - (bb) where the local planning authority give the applicant notice within 28 days following the date of receiving the applicant's application of their determination that such prior approval is required, the giving of such approval; or
 - (cc) the expiry of 28 days following the date on which the application under subparagraph (2)(ii) was received by the local planning authority without the local planning authority making any determination as to whether such approval is required or notifying the applicant of their determination;
 - (iv) where the local planning authority give the applicant notice that such prior approval is required, the applicant must—
 - (aa) display a site notice by site display on or near the land on which the proposed development is to be carried out, leaving the notice in position for not less than 21 days in the period of 28 days from the date on which the local planning authority gave the notice to the applicant; and
 - (bb) where the site notice is, without any fault or intention of the applicant, removed, obscured or defaced before the period of 21 days referred to in sub-paragraph (iv)(aa) has elapsed, the applicant is treated as having complied with the requirements of that sub-paragraph if the applicant has taken reasonable steps for protection of the notice and, if need be, its replacement;
 - (v) the development must, except to the extent that the local planning authority otherwise agree in writing, be carried out—
 - (aa) where prior approval is required, in accordance with the details approved;
 - (bb) where prior approval is not required, in accordance with the details submitted with the application;
 - and (vi) the development must be carried out—
 - (aa) where approval has been given by the local planning authority, within a period of 5 years from the date on which approval was given;
 - (bb) in any other case, within a period of 5 years from the date on which the local planning authority were given the information referred to in paragraph (d)(ii).

(3) The conditions in sub-paragraph (2) do not apply to the extension or alteration of a building if the building is not on article 2(4) land except in the case of a significant extension or a significant alteration.

(4) Development consisting of the significant extension or the significant alteration of a building may only be carried out once by virtue of Class A(a).

(5) Where development consists of works for the erection, significant extension or significant alteration of a building and—

- (a) the use of the building or extension for the purposes of agriculture within the unit permanently ceases within 10 years from the date on which the development was substantially completed; and
- (b) planning permission has not been granted on an application, or has not been deemed to be granted under Part 3 of the Act, for development for purposes other than agriculture, within 3 years from the date

on which the use of the building or extension for the purposes of agriculture within the unit permanently ceased, then, unless the local planning authority have otherwise agreed in writing, the building or, in the case of development consisting of an extension, the extension, must be removed from the land and the land must, so far as is practicable, be restored to its condition before the development took place, or to such condition as may have been agreed in writing between the local planning authority and the developer.

(6) Where an appeal has been made, under the Act, in relation to an application for development described in sub-paragraph (5)(b), within the period described in that paragraph, that period is extended until the appeal is finally determined or withdrawn.

(7) Where development is permitted by Class A(a), within 7 days of the date on which the development is substantially completed, the developer must notify the local planning authority in writing of that fact'.

ASSESSMENT

The building benefits from deemed consent under Class A of Part 6 of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 as amended, but a condition of this deemed consent is the requirement to apply to the Local Planning Authority for a determination over whether prior approval will be required with regards to the siting, design and appearance.

There are a number of existing agricultural buildings associated with the site which appear to be used for storage and agricultural purposes. The site is an established agricultural unit.

The proposed building would not be erected on a separate parcel of land forming part of the unit which is less than 1 hectare in area.

The building is of a size which complies with the above restrictions. The use of the proposed barn is seen as acceptable.

The proposal would be constructed in materials of a similar appearance to that of the existing barn and existing agricultural buildings. The building is set a considerable distance from any neighbouring residential dwellings. It is greater than 25m from the classified Hickstead Lane.

The proposal would be seen in the context of the countryside and the surrounding buildings. It is therefore considered that there would not be significant harm caused to the landscape of the countryside.

It is therefore considered that the proposal is permitted development under Schedule 2, Part 6, Class A of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended). Prior approval is not required, and the development can therefore proceed in accordance with the submitted details

CONCLUSION

It has been satisfactorily demonstrated that the erection of the building is reasonably necessary for the purposes of agriculture and complies with the requirements of Part 6, Class A of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended). Furthermore, the siting, design and appearance are appropriate and that the structures will respect the character and appearance of the area.

It is therefore considered that the proposal is permitted development under Schedule 2, Part 6, Class A of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended). Prior approval is not required and the development can therefore proceed in accordance with the submitted details.

Decision: Prior Approval Is Not Required

Case Officer: Andrew Horrell

