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Protective Fencing

To construct a 2x4 tall welded mesh panel in outdoor or concrete basements, the panels are joined together using a method from two different companies, labeled so that they can only be removed from inside the frame. The panels should be supported on the inner side by steel bar bracing, which should be attached to a base plate and installed with ground rods.

All standard rebar is used for vertical and horizontal reinforcement. Welded mesh panels with rebar such as "Tree Protection Area - Ring-out" are related in price to the same method of all works on site, and to be installed prior to the concrete construction.

Free Protection Area
KEEP OUT
Do not move this fence

Countdown to the 1990s

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The existing subsoil hard standing will be retained within the area of the proposed vehicular access to all in-pavement ground penetration during the duration of the development process. If any could it will be replaced by a new temporary ground penetration or the replacement hard surface.

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problem to overcome:

- c) for shielded or trucked construction traffic exceeding 2 t gross weight, an alternate system (e.g. proprietary systems or precast reinforced concrete slabs) to an engineering specification designed in conjunction with art/cultural advisors, to accommodate the likely loading to which it will be subjected.

Supervised de mation

At all times, the objective of the ground handling is to avoid any pollution of the soil beneath, so that time and function savings are realized.

Second tier handling

Removal of cargo or replacement of fuel is performed directly at the aircraft, or alternatively, and in the DTPA, at the DTPA. In the latter case, the cargo is loaded into the DTPA, and the fuel is loaded into the DTPA.

Where this is necessary the weaving course will be broken up using a hand held pressure breaker, hand tools and a steel bar to break up and sort out the surface. If it is necessary to remove the sub base this is to be undertaken using hand tools such as a fork to loosen the road and removed using shovels and wheels barrows.

In more situations and at the discretion of the architect it may be possible to use an excavator or a hydraulic breaker and manually break the existing grading levels. If an excavator is to be used, it must be shielded outside the PPAs, on top of the hard surfacing working away from the PPAs or from ground boundaries. If the use of the PPAs is used, it is to be NO disturbance of the soil beneath. If roots are found they are to be covered over with compact fill and a layer of either sharp sand, wood chip or top soil must be laid on top.

supervision in these areas are likely to contain roads. Only if necessary for the foundations to be removed they are to be cut out where critical to the proposed development and to the minimum depth required. The foundations will be broken up using a hand held pneumatic breaker, hand tools and a wheel barrow to break up and sort out the surfacing. In some situations and at the discretion of the contractor it may be possible to use an excavator using a hydraulic

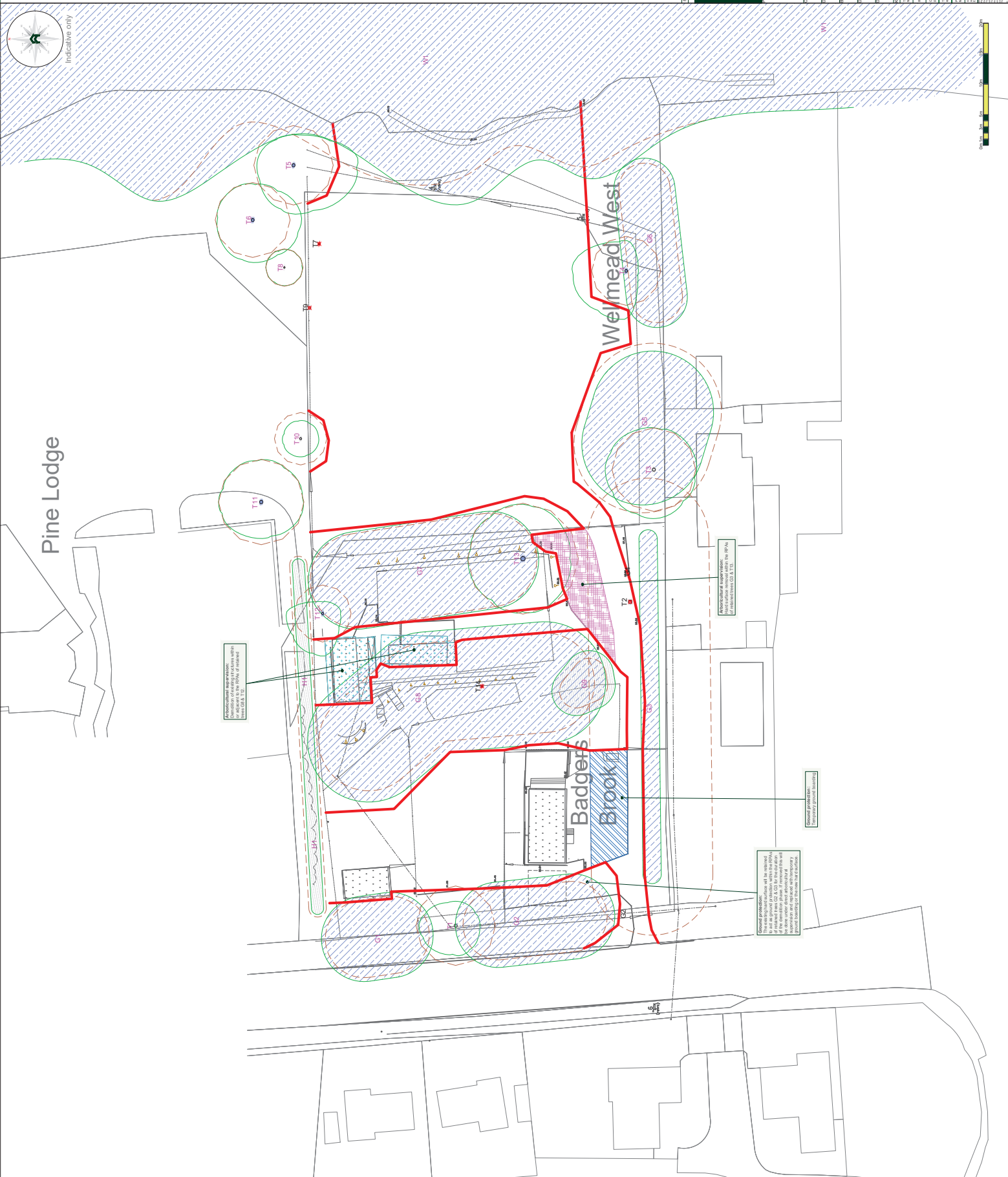
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Any rods that are to be cut will be clearly severed by the project arborist staff using a suitable hand saw or secateurs. The edge of all excavation consent to the relevant trees will be covered over with damp mulch to prevent drying out, and where necessary be shielded from sun to prevent scorching.

prevent soil collapse or contamination by the excavator. If appropriate soil beneath the depth of the excavation can be sheet piled, regular piled or have individual piles installed.

When an insecticide is used it will be filled with a suitably sized toothless guiding back, making it guiding a sweeping motion after thin digging. During such motion the insecticide will not be permitted to remove roots more than 10–20 cm deep of soil in any one pass. If any roots are discovered, mechanical excavation of immediately be stopped and insecticide will take over to remove them. When insecticide is used it will be filled with a suitably sized

"No Dig" Surfacing

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